MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY FORM

NR Eligible: yes ______

Property Name: Damascus	Inventory Number: M:11-6
Address: Ridge and Woodfield Roads and, Main St City: Damascus	Zip Code: 20872
County: Montgomery USGS Topographic M	flap: Damascus
Owner: Various	Is the property being evaluated a district? XX yes
Tax Parcel Number: Tax Map Number: Tax Account	
Project: Woodfield Road (CR 124) Extension	8 2 2 3
Site visit by MHT Staff: noyes Name:	Date.
Is the property located within a historic district?yes Xno	
If the property is within a district District	t Inventory Number:
NR-listed districtyes Eligible districtyes District	Name:
Preparer's Recommendation: Contributing resourceyesno	Non-contributing but eligible in another context
If the property is not within a district (or the property is a district)	
Preparer's Recommendation: Eligibleyes _Xno	
Critorio: A B C D Considerations:	A B C D E E C None
Criteria: A B C D Considerations:	
Documentation on the property/district is presented in: Historic Resource	s Determination of Eligibility Report-Woodfield Rd.
Description of Property and Eligibility Determination: (Use continuation s Architectural Description	sheet if necessary and attach map and photo)
The town of Damascus is located in northwestern Montgomery	County, Maryland, approximately twelve miles
from the county seat of Rockville. Damascus is a commercial cer	
county and is surrounded by rolling farmland on its south and west of Claggettsville and Friendship. The principal roadways through	
and north-south Ridge Road (CR 27). Woodfield Road (CR 124) pr	
The boundaries previously established for the Damascus Historic	District were drawn around the concentration of
historic resources along Main Street and a portion of Ridge Road	
Street and Ridge Road once contained numerous small brick and fi	rame commercial buildings. These were replaced
in the 1970s with large-scale shopping centers, bank buildings, commercial buildings are still extant on the south side of Main Stre	
commercial buildings are still extant on the south side of Main Stre	tet hear its intersection with Ridge Road. Also on
MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST REVIEW Eligibility recommended Eligibility not recommended	×
Criteria:ABCD Considerations:	A_B_C_D_E_F_G_None
Shu Ten Cemas	1/23/04
Reviewer, Office of Preservation Services	Date
Reviewer ND Program	Date

200304643

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST NR-ELIBILITY REVIEW FORM

Continuation Sheet No. 1

M: 11-6

the south side of Main Street is the historic Druid Theater (M: 11-6-2), a 1947 Streamlined Moderne building since converted to a medical building.

Most commercial buildings along Main Street date from the 1960s onward and include a large ca. 1970 shopping center north of the Woodfield Rd./Main Street intersection, and one- and two-story masonry commercial buildings. Several commercial buildings are currently (2003) under construction along the north side of Main Street. A large shopping center is also located along Ridge Road, just south of Main Street. The Damascus Public Library, built in 1998, is at the northeast corner of Woodfield Road and Main Street.

Many of Damascus' historic residences were once located along Main Street, on either side of Wood field Road. These were mostly mid- to late-nineteenth century vernacular Victorian houses, including the 1878 John Mount House and the H. Edwards Houses both of which stood at the northeast corner of Woodfield Road and Main Street. Nearly all of the houses along Main Street have been demolished, except for the Druid Clodfelter House (M: 11-6-4) at 9810 Main Street and the Stanley House (M: 11-6-5) at 9615 Main Street

Evaluation

The town of Damascus was founded in 1816 by Edward Hughes who laid out the town and was appointed its first postmaster. Hughes subdivided his forty acres into 14 town lots. Most were located south of the "Great Road" (present-day Main Street). The town grew during the nineteenth and early twentieth century as a commercial center for the surrounding agricultural area of northern Montgomery County.

The 1976 survey form for the Damascus Historic District described a number of "late 19th, early-20th century Victorian farm-type houses along Rte. 27 and Rte. 28." The form also described "a number of fine, late-19th century frame houses which line the south side of Route 108." These included frame houses, a bank barn, and several log houses as well. As described in the preceding architectural description, few of these buildings are still standing. Damascus experienced wholesale "urban renewal" in the 1970s at which time the older residences were torn down and replaced with a shopping center, commercial buildings, and a public library.

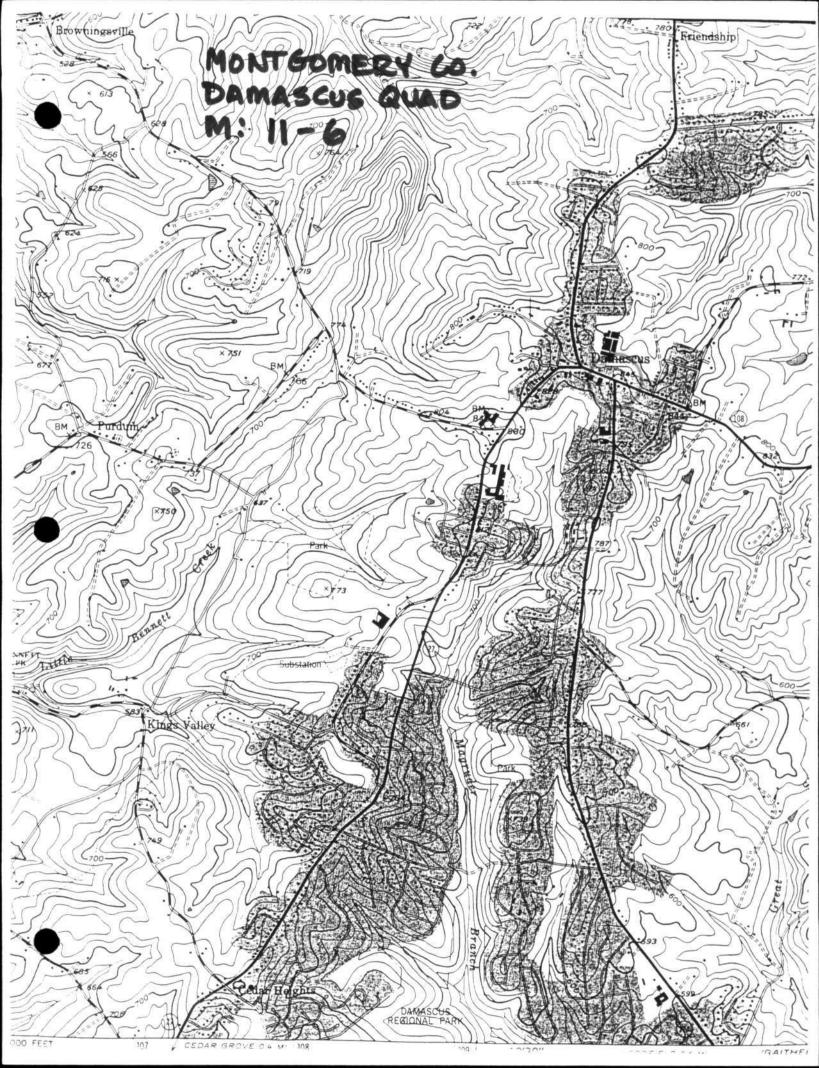
In June 1988, the Montgomery County Council approved the removal of the Damascus Historic District from the Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites in Montgomery County. In recommending the removal of the Damascus Historic District, the Maryland National Capital Park and Planning Commission (MNCPPC) stated that the "area identified as the Damascus historic district in the Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites in Montgomery County as delineated was found not to meet Ordinance criteria for Master Plan designation."

Because of the loss of integrity due to the demolition of its historic resources and the construction of non-historic buildings, the Damascus Historic District is not eligible for listing in the National Register under Criterion A, B, or C.

Prepared by:	Geoffrey B. Henry	Date Prepared: February 2003
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Damascus Historic District Ridge Road, Looking North from Main Street, Damascus



Survey No. #11-6

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Magi No.

DOE __yes __no

1. Nan	ne (indicate	e preferred name)		
historic		toric District		
and/or common				
	ation			
Z. LUC	ation			
street & numbe	Routes 27 an	d 108		not for publication
city, town	Damascus	vicinity of	congressional district	8
state	Maryland	county	Montgomery	
3. Clas	ssification	1		
Category X district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisitio in process being consider not_applica	yes: restricted yes: unrestricted	Present Useagriculturecommercialeducationalentertainmentgovernmentindustrialmilitary	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation H.Dother:
4. Owi	ner of Pro	perty (give names a	nd mailing addresse	s of <u>all</u> owners)
name	Various Owne	rs (See attached 1	ist)	
street & numbe	r		telephone n	o.:
city, town		state	and zip code	
	ation of L	egal Descripti		
courthouse, reg	jistry of deeds, etc.	Montgomery County	Courthouse	liber
street & numbe	r			folio
city, town		Rockville,	state	Maryland
6. Rep	resentatio	on in Existing	Historical Surv	The second secon
title N	aryland-Natio	onal Capital Park a	nd Planning Comm	ission
	1977	-	federal sta	
pository for s	survey records Roc	kville, Md.		
city, town	2457.50		state	

	7.	Des	cription	
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Survey No #11-6

Condition ___ excellent

fair

good

___ deteriorated

_ unexposed

Check one

X unaltered

X altered

Check one

X original site

_ moved date of move

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

See attached description

1400 1500 1600	nistoric 0–1499 0–1599 0–1699 0–1799 0–1899	Areas of Sign archeology archeology agriculture X architectur art commerce communic	y-prehistoric y-historic e	comn conse	nunity planning ervation omics ation eering ration/settlemer	la: lit: m m nt ph	erature Ilitary usic	science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater
Specific	dates	Mid 19th	C-early	Builder/A	rchitect			
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	Leve1	of Signifi	cance:	national	l state	X loca	1	

See attached statement of significance

9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No

"Highlights of Early Damascus Area History", Ms. Janie W. Payne, The Montgomery County Story, Published by the Montogmery County Historical Society, August, 1966.

Property survey forms (enclosed)

10. Ged	graphi	cal Data	edi mi				r(t=0)
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11. For	m Prepa	ared By					A S
name/title	Lois Sny	derman, Resea	archer				
organization	Montgome	ry County H	PC	date	Februar	у 6, 1986	
street & number				teleph	none		
ity or town	Rockvill	e.		etata	Maryla	nd	

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

state

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Rockville,

city or town

Maryland Historical Trust Shaw House 21 State Circle Annapolis, Maryland 21401 (301) 269-2438

DAMASCUS

#7. Description

Although the town of Damascus was laid out in 1816, what remains in the way of historic resources is a group of 19th and early 20th century frame, residential structures on Route 108 (Main Street), going east from the intersection of Routes 108 and 124 (Woodfield Road); a group of early 20th century commerical buildings on Ridge Road near the intersection of Ridge and Main (and one early 20th century residence on Main, near Ridge); and a 1940's Art Deco-style theatre on Main street.

Early 20th Century Commercial Properties

Prominently situated at the intersection of Main Street (Route108) and Ridge Road (Route 27) is <u>Bellison's Carry Out</u>, <u>9899 Main Street</u>, formerly known as the Russell Duvall / Roby Miles general store. The store has been a fixture in the community for over 70 years. It was erected in 1914 by Russell Duvall on a lot purchased by him the previous year. Duval owned and operated the business for ten years before selling it to Roby Miles, who operated it for the next 20 years. It served (during those years) as a kind of "community center" and as the place where people came to see their neighbors as well as to buy groceries.

Bellison's Carry Out is a large, rectangular, one-and-one-half story, three bay, stucco-covered structure with a front gabled roof; it sits on a brick foundation. A shed roof supported by metal poles provides cover for the main (south) facade, with its center entrance and two large windows, and for part of the west facade.

Mr. Miles enlarged the building substantially in the 1940's, doubling its size by adding on to the rear and putting in a basement. According to Mr. Miles' widow, the building is otherwise unaltered.

Next to Bellisons, at <u>9875 Main Street</u>, is the residence which Mr. Miles built in 1915 and which is still occupied by his wife. The Miles' house is a two-and-one-half story, three bay structure with a hipped roof and a single front dormer. A one-story shed-roofed balustraded porch extends across the main (south) facade, supported by square pillars on brick piers. An entrance in the west facade is sheltered by a gable-roofed portico. Brick steps lead up to the porch.

Adjacent to Bellison's Carry Out, on the east side of Ridge Road, is the former Purdum store, now the <u>Gladhill Building</u>, at <u>26307Ridge Road</u>. Built for Christopher Purdum about 1908, this large two-and-one-half-story, three bay, front-gabled building has a brick main (west) facade. The brick was added in the 1930's and the original lapped wood siding is still visible

on the north facade. The main two-and-one-half story section of the building now houses The Outlet Store; a one-story, three bay flat-roofed addition on the south facade (added in the 1940's) is occupied by a butcher shop. A columned, gable-roofed portico was added to the entrance of the main building in the late 1970s. On the north facade, there is a two-story shed-roofed garage which also dates from $1950\rm gs$ both the garage and the main building have seamed tin roofs.

The Gladhill building is typical of the two-story general stores which existed in the Damascus area early in the 20th century; it may be the only one of its type remaining. It has largely retained its original configuration, with the changes noted above.

A blacksmith shop (no longer standing) was built nearby for Purdum at the same time the store was erected.

On the same side of the road, near the Gladhill Building, is the <u>James Mount residence</u>, presently the <u>Olin Molesworth Funeral Home</u>, at <u>26401 Ridge Road</u>. Built for James Mount (the son of John Mount, the local builder) about 1910, the structure has been used as a funeral home since 1922.

The Mount residence is a two-and-one-half-story, three bay Colonial Revival structure with a hipped roof; it is covered with lapped wood siding. The second floor has a one-and-one-half story central gable-roofed projecting pavilion with two multi-paned windows; the smaller of the two is located in the gable end. There is a shed-roofed one-story porch across the main (west) facade, with a metal balustrade; it is supported by classical columns. A pedimented entranceway with paired columns at the front of the porch leads to a center entrance with a panelled door and sidelights. Both the roof and porch cornices are dentiled. The south facade has a two-story projecting bay and there is an enclosed porch across the rear. A one-story brick addition on the north facade (added in the 1960's to serve as a chapel) wraps around to the rear. The addition of the brick chapel and the enclosure of the rear porch constitute the only exterior alterations to the original structure.

Early Residential Structures

The earliest residential structures in Damascus are located on Route 108 (Main Street) near the intersection of 108 and Woodfield Road (Route 124). Five of these are in the 9700 and 9600 blocks of Main Street, forming an impressive grouping of 19th and very early 20th century structures.

The first of these buildings, the <u>Henry Edwards Residence</u>, at <u>9727 Main Street</u>, may also be the oldest of the group. A two-story, three bay, stuccoed structure with a side-gabled roof and a large, external fireplace chimney on the west wall, the Edwards residence probably dates from the

DAMASCUS

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and (like the two side gables) a return cornice and decorative diamond-shaped shingles. A one-story shed-roofed porch with bracketed turned posts covers the main facade. The windows are 2/2 and both the main and porch roofs are of seamed tin.

A two-story gable-roofed section at the rear forms an ell with the main block of the house. There is also a one-story, shed-roofed addition at the east rear corner, where the main block and rear addition meet. The house rests on a stone foundation.

The <u>William Baker House</u>, at <u>9703 Main Street</u>, is an early 20th century structure. Built in 1913, it remained in the Baker family until 1963.

The Baker house is a two-and-one-half-story, three bay front-gabled structure with a one-story, shed-roofed wrap-around porch with turned posts. The front gable has a window and decorative shingles. There is a two-story, gable-roofed projecting bay, with decorative shingle at the gable, at the northwest corner of the house. Except for the gables, the structure is covered with lapped wood siding and windows are 2/2. At the northeast corner of the house, part of the porch has been enclosed.

In the next block, the <u>Rosa Stanley House</u>, at <u>9615 Main Street</u>, was built by John Mount in 1907 on land he had owned since 1874. The present owner, Mrs. Rosa Stanley, has occupied the house since 1916. John Mount was her husband's grandfather.

The Stanley house, at the intersection of Main Street and Town Spring Road, is a two-story, three bay side-gabled structure with a two-story gable-roofed ell at the rear. A one-story shed-roofed porch with bracketed posts covers the main (south) facade. The house and porch roofs are of seamed tin and the windows are 2/2.

In the next block is the <u>Levi Pearce House</u>, at <u>9507 Main Street</u>. Erected in 1891 (probably by John Mount) the Pearce house is a two-story, three bay, side-gabled structure with a center peaked gable with a small pointed-arch window. A one-story shed-roofed porch with a balustrade covers the main (south) facade. The porch is supported by square columns resting on piers of rough-cut stone. The house has a center entrance with sidelights. There is a two-story, gable-roofed ell addition at the rear and a one-story shed-roofed addition at the northeast corner of the house.

A blacksmith by trade, Levi Pearce built a blacksmith shop near his residence which was a landmark in Damascus for many years.

One block to the east, on the south side of Route 108, there are several additional older (probably late 19th century) residences. The house at <u>9340 Main Street</u> is a large, two-and-one-half story, three bay, center-entrance

side-gabled structure with a peaked center gable in the main (north) facade. Both the center gable and side gables have small pointed-arch windows and decorative diamond-shaped wood shingles and the side gables feature return cornices. A one-story, shed-roofed porch which now covers only the main facade can be seen (from a 1974 photograph) to have wrapped around to the east side of the building. The porch is supported with bracketed posts and windows are 2/2.

A two-story gable-roofed ell extends out from the rear of the house and there is a one-story shed-roofed porch over an entrance on the east facade (all that remains of the original porch on that side). Although currently in poor condition, this residence incorporates the architectural features found on the other early residences.

Next door, at <u>9436 Main Street</u>, is a much simpler two-story, four bay, side-gabled house with a seamed tin roof. A one-story, shed-roof porch with bracketed posts covers the main (north) facade. There is a two-story shed-roof addition at the rear corner of the east facade.

The residence at <u>9460 Main Street</u>, across from the intersection of Howard Chaped Road and Route 108, is more complex in form than the structures described above. It is a two-and-one-half story, four bay, hipped roof structure with cross gables. A one-story shed-roofed porch with decorative brackets stretches across the main facade, whose surface is broken by a two-story, gable-roofed projecting bay at the east corner of the main (north) facade. There is a one-story projecting bay on the east facade and a one-story shed-roofed addition across the rear. The windows are 2/2, the house is covered in lapped wood siding, and the roof is seamed tin.

The <u>Druid Theatre</u>, <u>9840 Main Street</u>, is significant historically because it has remained unaltered, retaining its identity as a 1940's movie theatre. It is significant architecturally because it exemplifies the radical change in theatre design which took place in the 1930's and 40's, when the Art Deco style became popular. "It was not until the early 30's that the first consistently Deco theatres were built in American cities. The picture palaces of the 20's --- were invariably built in eclectic combinations of traditional styles."

The Druid, a product of the 1940's, combines elements of both Art Deco and another early 20th century style, Art Moderne. "In most building types, both the horizontal, streamlined Art Moderne and the vertical, zig-zagged Art Deco influences occur in combination."

The product of the 1940's combined art Moderne and the vertical, zig-zagged Art Deco influences occur in combination."

Construction on the 400 seat Druid theatre began in 1945 and was not completed (because of post-war shortages of materials) until 1947; the Druid opened in May of that year. It was named after the man who built it, Mr. Druid Clodfelter, a native of Damascus who still lives next to the theatre. Mr. Clodfelter sold the Druid to its present owner in 1977.

The Druid is an almost exact copy of one of Washington's finest Art Deco theatres, the Apex, built in the 1940's and demolished in 1977. The plans for the Apex were, in fact, copied and used in the construction of the Druid. Many of the firms involved in the Apex project also worked on the Druid.

The prototype for the Druid, the Apex, was designed by a well-known movie house architect of the period, John J. Zink, of the Baltimore architectural firm of Zink, Atkins and Craycrost. "The (Zink) firm was the acknowledged regional specialist in movie houses and built over 200 theatres in Baltimore, New York, Washington and other eastern cities."(1) Zink was responsible for designing eleven Deco theatres in Washington.

The Druid was the first fully air-conditioned theatre in Damascus and the first to have a separate glass-enclosed "crying room" where families with babies could enjoy a movie without disturbing other patrons. The admission price (in 1947) was \$0.25 for children and \$0.44 for adults; in 1965, admissions went to \$1.00.

In the 1940's and 50's the Druid supplemented its movie schedule with stage performances several times a week. Country music stars (many of them from the "Grand Ole Opry") were usually the featured performers. The Druid was one of the few theatres in the area which was never part of a "chain", and the current manager still handles her own bookings and advertising.

The Druid is a two-story, five bay, flat-roofed building of tan brick, with the main (south) facade faced in grey limestone. Extra height is given to the south facade by a parapet which extends several feet up beyond the roof edge. One-story, three-bay, flat-roofed "wings", built at the same time as the theatre and leased for a variety of commercial purposes over the years, extend from both the east and west facades.

The theatre's large symmetrical facade is broken by five vertical recessed bays, each featuring a long, narrow window. The only other decorative elements on the limestone facade are the Deco-style zig-zag patterns cut into the stone at the roofline, at both the east and west corners, and the name of the theatre in large (at one time, neon-lit) letters in the middle of the facade. The sweeping four-tiered marquee is painted in three shades of blue and one of red and rows of neon lights are attached to its underside. The theatre entrances are flanked by curved corner walls of glass block, a material often found in Art Moderne buildings.

Relatively plain in design and decoration, the Druid, nevertheless, exhibits many of the features which marked the Art Deco buildings of the early 30's and 40's. It is "streamlined" in appearance, as befitted a style which symbolized a "breaking away" from the past and a turning toward the new technology of the machine age. Its smooth surfaces, curved corners and

strong horizontal lines (characteristics usually associated with Art Moderne) all contribute to its streamlined look. At the same time, the features which give its facade verticality (such as the parapet and the recessed windows) are more Art Deco in spirit.

The lobby of the theatre is not ornate, but the original deco-style metal ceiling fixture (which has been outlined with several painted bands of color) remains. In addition, the Deco influence is seen in the painted border which follows the curve of the walls, where ceiling and walls meet. Murals of horses which once adorned the walls have been painted over.

In the auditorium, the Deco influence is apparent in the abstract design of the painted border which decorates the ceiling. Decorative plasterwork has been used to create a series of ceiling ridges which follow the lines of the border design.

On each side of the stage (still hung with its original curtain) are painted panels depicting a farmer and a horse ploughing a field. Paintings or sculpture which idealized the "common man" were popular decorative motifs in Art Deco and Art Moderne buildings. The walls of the auditorium are covered with the original patterned material and many of the seats are still covered with the original mohair. The projection booth contains the equipment installed in 1947, which is still in use.

The Druid, in design, interior decor and mechanical equipment, is a remarkable "relic" of the past, but a relic which is still very much in use and which has retained its architectural integrity.

Washington Deco, Richard Striner and Hans Wirz, Smithsonian Institution Press, Washington, D.C., 1984

⁽²⁾ A Field Guide to American Houses, V. & L McAlester, Knopf, New York, 1984

DAMASCUS

8. Significance

From the early 1800's to the present, Damscus has been a commerical center for the rural communities which surround it. Its significance is based upon its historic role as a crossroads community providing goods and services to travelers and residents of the area.

Located at the highest point in the county and at the intersection of two important early roads, the Old Quaker Road (Route 27) and the Damascus – Laytonsville Road (Route 108), Damascus was founded in 1816 when Edward Hughes laid out 14 lots of various shapes and sizes, averaging 1/2 acre, and offered eight of them for sale. His advertisement in the Fredricktown Herald on October 12, 1816 noted that the "new town of Damascus" had "an extensive opening for mechanics of all the different kinds --- (and that) a law of Congress was passed at the last session establishing a post route through the town and an office in it. There is at present two blacksmith shops, a saddler's shop and a store --- a taylor, a wheel wright, and a shoemaker are much wanted ---."

Hughes (who served as Damascus' first postmaster in 1816 and, from 1825 to 1829, as a member of the House of Delegates) named his "new town" after an early land grant of 1,101 acres called "Pleasant Plains of Damascus," surveyed in 1783 for Nathaniel Pigman. In 1814, Hughes purchased 40 acres of Pigman's tract; included in the purchase were stables and a blacksmith shop. His original 14 lots were located on the south side of what is now Main Street.

Many of the early settlers in the Damascus area were descendants of prominent families who had settled earlier in Anne Arundel County and in other parts of Montgomery County. Descendants of these early settlers, with such names as Burdette, Morley, Miles and Griffith, can still be found in the Damascus area.

In spite of Hughes' enthusiasm, the town grew slowly, due, no doubt, to the fact that it was never linked to the railroad. By 1890, however, Damascus had grown sufficiently for the townspeople to seek incorporation. Damascus was incorporated for 24 years, until 1914, when the corporation was dissolved to allow for the construction of the first paved road within the town limits by the State Roads Commission. Now Route 27 (Ridge Road), it was the main road from Washington to Frederick from 1914 to 1926.

Several important early roads passed through Damascus, connecting it with larger communities in the state and with the District of Columbia. The Old Quaker Road (Route 27, Ridge Road, south of Damascus) was an important thoroughfare in Maryland even before the Revolutionary War. It served as one of the "principal market roads" of the province and as a main route from Fredricktown to Annapolis. Maryland Route 108 was an early route from Laural to New Market, roughly following the Pautauxant River Valley.

In March of 1884, with the increase in the county's population, Damascus became the center for a new election district, election district number 12.

The last two decades have seen much of the farmland around Damascus converted to housing, as federal agencies and private corporations opened offices in Montgomery County and drew newcomers to the area. The countryside around Damascus still remains predominently rural, however, and Damascus (which now has a population of approximately 5,000) still remains a commercial center for the rural communities of Clagettsville, Browningsville, Cedar Grove, Woodfield, King's Valley, Purdum and Lewisdale.

<u>Damascus Historic District - Property Owners</u>

	Property	Owner
p. 775	Druid Theater 9840 Main St. 1.74a.	Morris & N. Pollekoff et al 10401 Grosvenor Pl. #1310 Rockville, MD. 20852
p. 665	Bellison's Carry Out 9899 Main St.	Mardirossian Family Enterprises P.O. Box 5691 Derwood, MD. 20855
p. 665	Miles' Residence 9875 Main St. 1.04a. (includes Bellison's)	Mardirossian Family Enterprises (same as above)
p. 664	Gladhill Bldg. 26307 Ridge Road 6313F.	L.M. & G.S. Gladhill 27000 Clarksburg Rd. Damascus, MD. 20872
p. 610	Olin Molesworth Funeral Home 26401 Ridge Road 1.17a.	Olin L. Molesworth 26401 Ridge Road Damscus, MD. 20872
p. 565	Henry Edwards House 9725 Main St. 4.94a.	Dr. R. J. Schoeb et al Boyer Medical Bldg. Damascus, MD. 20872
p. 677	John Mount House 9721 Main St. 5.73a.	Nasser & K.C. Javadpour 15431 Seneca Rd. Germantown, MD. 20874
p. 732	Ethel Mount House 9711 Main St. 0.96a	D.A. & E.M. Clodfelter 9810 Main St. Damascus, MD. 20872
p. 783	Wm. Baker House 9703 Main St. 2.20a.	T.E. & P.E. Bellison et al Main St. Damascus, MD. 20872
p. 809	Rosa Stanley House 9615 Main St. 0.66a.	Gertrude W. Stanley 9615 Main St. Damascus, MD. 20872

p. 858	Levi Pearce House 9507 Main St. 0.32a.	Olin L. Molesworth 26401 Ridge Road Damascus, MD. 20872
p. 961	Residence 9436 Main St. 22751F.	Maurice L. & R.M. Jenkins 9436 Main St. Damascus, MD. 20872
p. 910	Residence 9460 Main St. 23756F.	E.R. & H.J. Jones 9460 Main St. Damascus, MD. 20872
p. 444	Residence 9340 Main St. 29403F.	Miriam Ochsman et al 10401 Grosvenor Pl. Rockville, MD. 20852

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST WORKSHEET

NOMINATION FORM for the NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES, NATIONAL PARKS SERVICE

	COMMON:					
	AND/OR HISTORIC:					
	Town of Dar	mascus-Gen	eral Area			
2.	LOCATION					
	STREET AND NUMBER:					
	Rte. 27 and	d Rte. 108				
	550					
	Damascus			COUNTY:		
	Maryland			Mon	tgomery	
3.	CLASSIFICATION				egomezy	
	CATEGORY (Check One)		OWNERSHIP		STATUS	ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBL
	Building	☐ Public	Public Acquisiti	on:	S Occupied	Yes:
	Site Structure	Private	☐ In Proc	ess	Unoccupied	Restricted
	☐ Object	☐ Both	☐ Being (Considered	Preservation wor	
					in progress	₩ No
	PRESENT USE (Check One or M	fore as Appropriate)				
į.	Agricultural Go	overnment] Park	* E	Transportation	Comments
		dustrial 🔛	Private Residen	nce [Other (Specify)	-
	☐ Educational ☐ Mi	litary] Religious			
	☐ Entertainment ☐ Mu	us e um	Scientific	-		
4.	OWNER OF PROPERTY	The STATE OF	auto*/15,011/6			
	OWNER'S NAME:					
	various own	ners			-	
	STREET AND NUMBER:					
	CITY OR TOWN:			STATE:		7
5.	LOCATION OF LEGAL DESC	RIPTION				
	COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF D	EEDS, ETC:				
	Montgomery	County Co	urthouse		(e)	
	CITY OR TOWN:			STATE		
	Rockville			Ma	ryland	ţ
	Title Reference o	of Current	Deed (Bo	ok & Pg.	#);	
6.	REPRESENTATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS			1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	
	TITLE OF SURVEY:					
			and the second s			
	DATE OF SURVEY:		☐ Federal	State	County [Local
	DATE OF SURVEY: DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RE	CORD\$:	☐ Federal	State	[] County [Local
		CORDS:	☐ Federel	State	County	_] Local

				(0	Check One)		
CONDITION	☐ Excellent	☐ Good	☐ Fair		Deteriorated	☐ Ruins	Unexposed .
	AN WEST AT	(Check Or	ie)			(Chi	eck One)
	₩ Alter	red	Uncliered		1	Moved	Driginal Site

a a

This village has long been the commercial center for the surrounding agricultural community.

There are a number of late 19th-early 20th Century, Victorian, farm-type houses along Rte. 27 and Rte. 108. Going west to east, there is a bank barn with a shingle roof on the Souder property. Above this is a farmhouse that may have belonged to the Burns family (ca. 1878.) Going north from town on Rte. 27, several houses line the road.

The oldest houses in town are located directly on Rte. 108 at Rte. 124. The first of these is a three-bay (south facade) structure with a large, external, fireplace chimney on the west wall. The house has been Victorianized with a center gable and bracketed porch, but the windows remain 6/6. Next to this is a five-bay structure with three peaked center gables and bargeboards, as well as a one-story, bracketed porch. Continuing east, there is the site of the old town spring, and a number of fine, late-19th Century, frame houses lining the south side of Rte. 108.

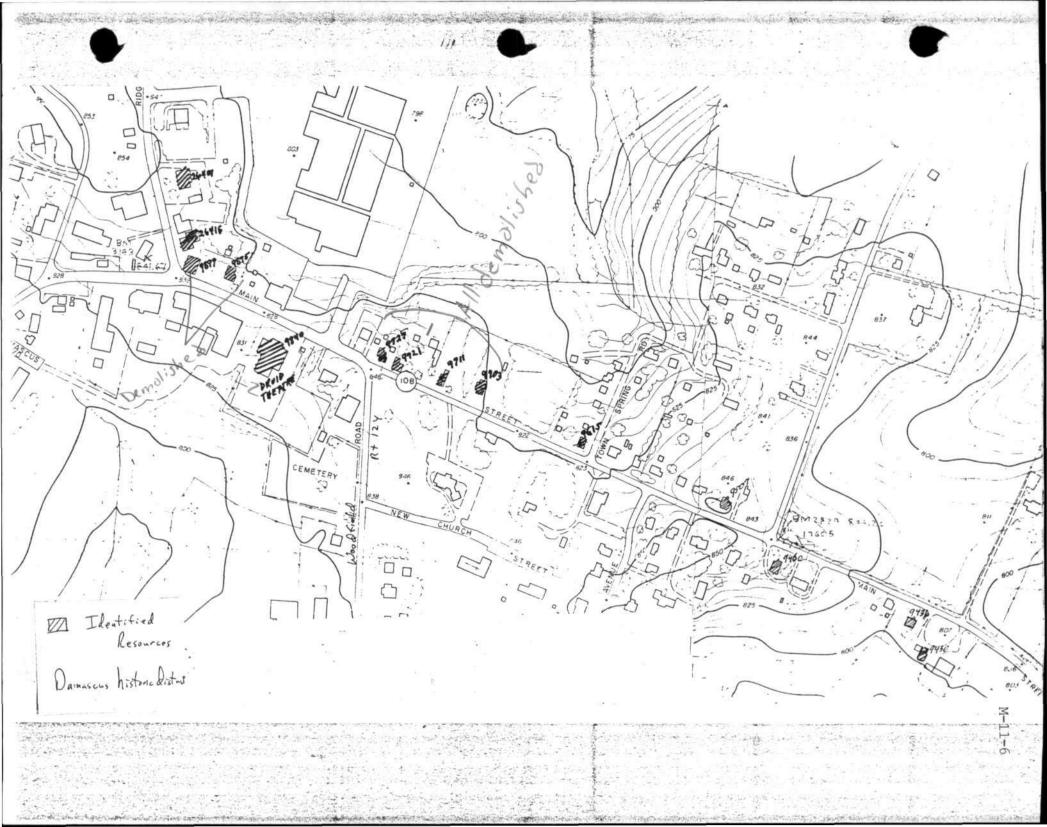
Most of the old stores, etc., from the town (laid out in 1816) have been removed, but the old Smith house or store may remain on Locust Ave. (See separate file on this, and the Nathan Burdette House.)

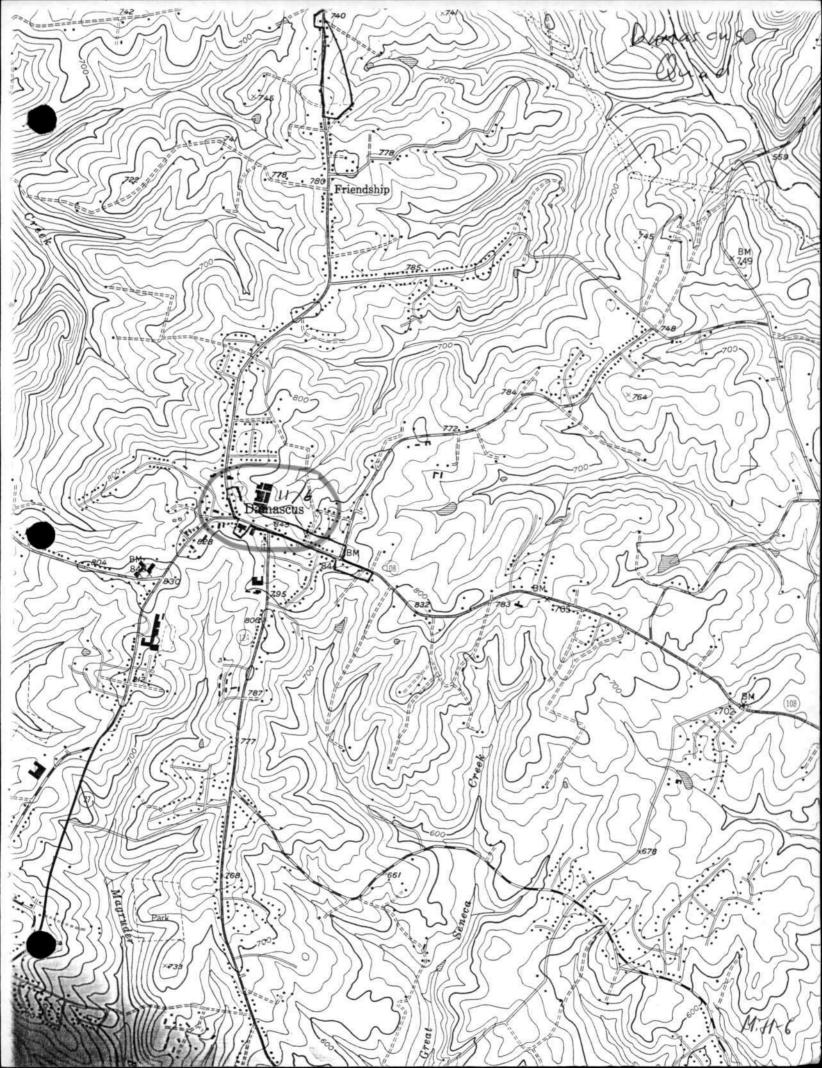
The best published history of the town is by Mrs.

Janie Payne, Aug. 1966, in the MONTGOMERY COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETY STORY. Early photos, etc., have been run in the COUNTY COURIER, a newspaper published in Damascus.

PERIOD (Check One or More ee a Pre-Columbian 15th Century		18th Century	20th Century
SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicable	e end Known)		
Aboriginal	ck One or More as Appropria Education Engineering	Political Religion/Phi-	Urban Planning Other (Specity)
Historic .	Industry Invention	losophy Science	
Aft Commerce	Landscape Architecture Literature	Sculpture Social/Human-	
Conservation	Military Music	☐ Theater ☐ Transportation	
TATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE			
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			8

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7	RAPHICAL DATA	TUDE COORDINATES	1-	LATITUDE AND LONG	ITUDE COORDINATES
		OCATING THE PROPERTY	OR	DEFINING THE CENTER OF LESS THA	POINT OF A PROPERTY N TEN ACRES
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NW	Degrees Minutes Secon	ds Degrees Minutes Seconds		Degrees Minutes Seconds	Degrees Minutes Seconds
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	AND NUMBER:		_		
STREET	AND NUMBER:				8.
CITY OF	TOWN:		1	STATE	
12 1			1		
Stat	te Liaison O	fficer Review:	_(Office Use Only)	
	Significance	of this proper	+17	is:	
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)		1011101	_	•	
		W			
. 3	Signature				







9-11:4

M:11-6

Damascus Sorvey District

Jennifer K. Cosham 10/5/2003

From MD 27 &MD108 NW Corner Looking SE





M: 11-6

Damascus Survey District Jennifer K. Coshum 10/5/2003

Ridge Road (nDZ7) 100kmg south towards Moros

Mill-6

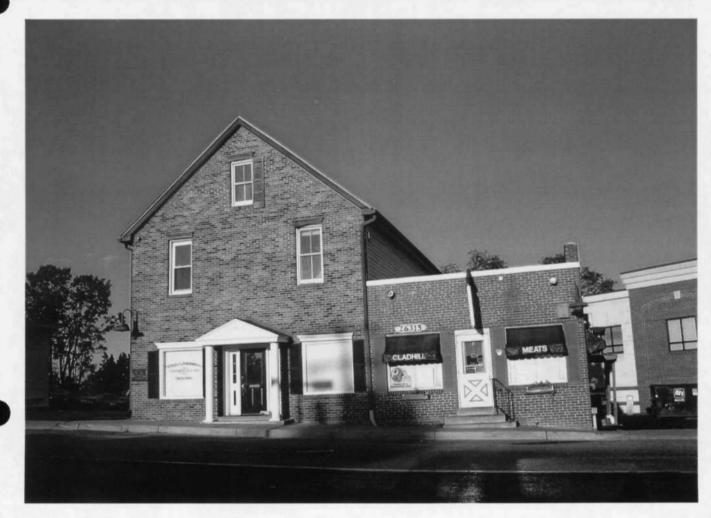
Damascos Survey District

Scanifer K. Cosham

10/5/2003

Ridge Rd (MD27) 100Kng 56 at MD108 junction





Mill-6

Danascos sorve, bistrict

Jernifer Kilosham

10/5/2003

Streetscape looking & from MDZ7/108 junction

76315 Ridge RE, Gladhill Blog Jennifer K. Casham 10/5/2003 West forcede



M:11.6

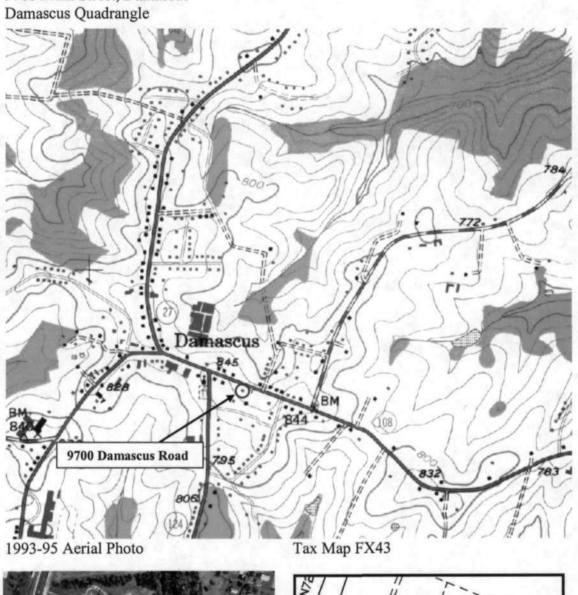
Olin Molesworth Funeral Home

ZG401 Ridge Rd (MDZ7)

Sensiferic Cosham

10/5/2003

? Automotive Supplies
Early 20th century concrete block commercial building, ruin
9700 Main Street, Damascus



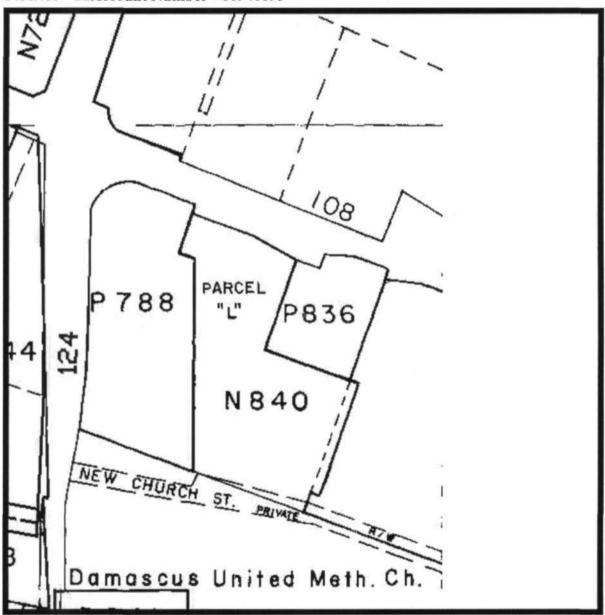




Maryland Department of Assessments and Taxation MONTGOMERY COUNTY Real Property Data Search

Go Back View Map New Search

District - 12Account Number - 00940893



Property maps provided courtesy of the Maryland Department of Planning ©2001. For more information on electronic mapping applications, visit the Maryland Department of Planning web site at www.mdp.state.md.us/webcom/index.html

M:11-6

Click here for a plain text ADA compliant screen.



Maryland Department of Assessments and Taxation MONTGOMERY COUNTY Real Property Data Search

Go Back View Map New Search

Account Identifier:

District - 12 Account Number - 00940893

Owner Information

Owner Name:

CHARLES W SMALL INC

RESIDENTIAL

Mailing Address:

26710 HOWARD CHAPEL DR

Principal Residence:

DAMASCUS MD 20872-1245

Deed Reference:

1) /12324/ 393

2)

NO

Location & Structure Information

Premises Address 9700 MAIN ST

Zoning R200

Legal Description

MT RADNOR

DAMASCUS 20872

Grid

Мар

FX43

Parcel **Sub District** P836

Subdivision Section Block

Group Plat No:

80 Plat Ref:

Special Tax Areas

Town Ad Valorem Tax Class

Property Land Area

County Use

Primary Structure Built 1900

Enclosed Area 1,336 SF

20,153.00 SF

111

Stories 1

Basement NO

Type STANDARD UNIT Exterior **BLOCK**

Value Information

Value **Phase-in Assessments** Base Value As Of As Of 01/01/2001 07/01/2003 07/01/2004 60,070 60,070 1,000 1,000

Total: Preferential Land:

Improvements:

61,070

61,070

61,070

NOT AVAIL NOT AVAIL

Transfer Information

Seller: MARK GOSNELL IMPROVED ARMS-LENGTH Type:

NOT ARMS-LENGTH

Land:

Date: 02/15/1994 Deed1: /12324/ 393 Date: 02/22/1993 Deed1: /11120/ 283

Price: \$20,000 Deed2: Price: \$2,214 Deed2:

Date: Deed1: Price: Deed2:

Exemption Information

Partial Exempt Assessments Class 07/01/2003 07/01/2004 000 0 0 County State 000 0 0 000 0 0 Municipal

Tax Exempt: **Exempt Class:**

Seller:

Type: Seller:

Type:

NO

Special Tax Recapture:

* NONE *



Early 20th Century Concrete Block Commercial Building, ruin

9700 Main St. Damascos

Jennifer K. Loshum

10/5/2003

N Farade



? Astomotive Supplies

Early loth Centur, Concrete block Commercial Building, ruin

9700 Main Street, Damascus

Jeanifer K. Cosham

10/5/2003

NE Focade



? Automotive Supplies

Easily Zoth Century Concrete Block Commercial Ovilding, win 9700 Main Street, Damascus 10/5/2003 Jennifer K. Cosham N W Facabe

Humicane I sabel damage?



Columbus Purdum store/now Gladhill Bldg Photo by Clarence M. Payne 1981

26416 Redge Rd M:11-6



James Mount house/present Olin Molesworth Funeral Home

Photo by Clarence M. Payne 1981

26401 Rodge Rd. M:11-6



NAME MAIN ST.

FACADE LOOKING WON Rt. 108

PHOTO TAKEN 1/8/74 M. DWYER

Grocery and Foursquare demolished



Russell Duvall/Roby Miles General Store

Photo by C. M. Payne 1981

9899 main 4

Demolished

M:11-6



M:11-6

Henry Edwards house Photo by Clarence M. Payne 1981

9727 main #

Demolished



n: #11-6

NAME HENRY EDWARDS HOUSE ? (s:+e)

LOCATION Rt. 108 x Rt. 124 DAMASCUS, Md. 9727 Main Street

FACADE

PHOTO TAKEN 1/8/74 M.DWYER

Demolished



William Baker House

Photo by C. M. Payne 1981

9703 main St

Demolished

M: 11-6



Ethel Mount Day House Photo by C. M. Payne 1981

9711 main St

Demolished

M:11-6



Levi Pearce House

Photo by Janie W. Payne 1981

9507 Main A

M: 11-6



NAME TOWN SPRING LA OFF Rt. 108 DAMASCUS, Md.

FACADE LOOKING N

PHOTO TAKEN 10/23/73 H. DWYER



NAME 9400 BLOCK MAIN STI LOCATION Ph 108 DAMASCUS Med & OF TOWN FACADE LOOKING W

PHOTO TAKEN 1/8/74 M. DWYER



n: #11-6

NAME

LOCATION 26000 BLOCK RIDGE REL DAMASCUS Med & SIDE OF STREET

FACADE NW

NOF TOWN

PHOTO TAKEN 1/8/74 M. DWYEE

AT DRIVE TO NEW SHOPPING CPR



OPP. NEW SHOPPING

NAME

LOCATION 26000 BLOCK RIDGE Rd DAMASCUS, Md W SIDE OF Rd

FACADE SE

SE IN TOWN

PHOTO TAKEN MOWYER



LOCATION Rt. 27 DAMASCUS, Med NEXT TO tH SCHOOL

FACADE W

PHOTO TAKEN 1/22/74 M. DWYER

CALEB LEWIS FARM?

NAME

Demolished

M: #11-6



NAME BANK BARN - SOUDER PROPERTY

LOCATION Rt. 27 DAMASCUS, Mel OPP. DAM. ELEM. SCHOOL

FACADE NW

PHOTO TAKEN 1/22/74 M.DWGER

Demolished



NAME RAZ7 DAMASCUS

LOCATION FROM DAMASCUS BLVD. DAMASCUS, Md

FACADE LOOKING SW

PHOTO TAKEN 1/22/74 M.DWER Demolished



NAME PL 27 DAMASCUS. Hd.

LOCATION PL 27 NEAR PLIZZ DAMASCUS, Md.

FACADE LOOKING N

PHOTO TAKEN 1/22/74 M.DWYER

Demolished



NAME 11011 LOCUST DR JESSIE POOLE HOUSE?

LOCATION /1011 COCUST DR. DATASCUS, Med

FACADE

PHOTO TAKEN 1/22/74 M.DWYER

Demolished?